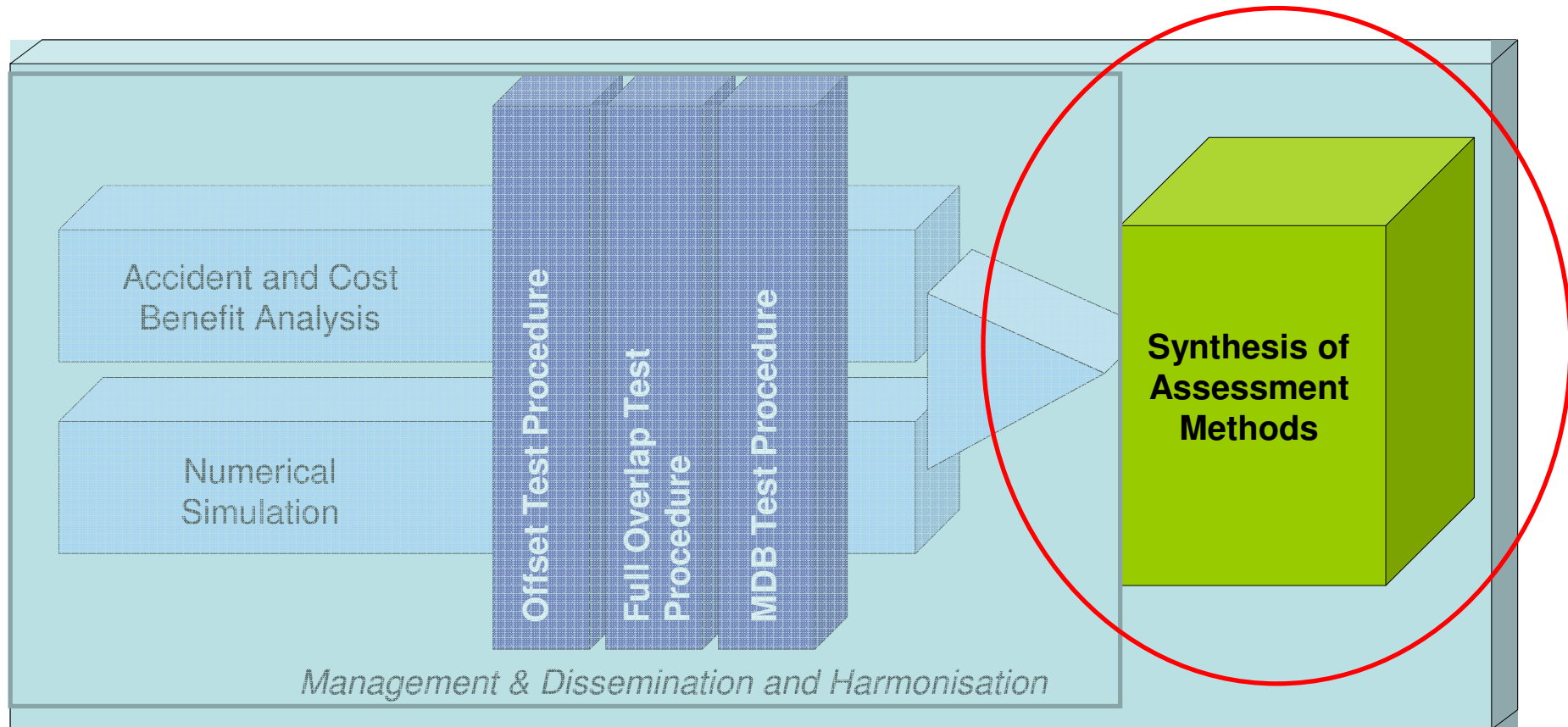


# FIMCAR

## Priorities and Strategies for Selecting Test Procedures

# FIMCAR Project



# FIMCAR Project

## What is compatibility?

- Compatibility consists of self and partner protection
  - Structural interaction
  - Compartment strength
  - Front end force / deformation characteristics
    - force levels transferred to collision partner
    - deceleration pulse and restraint system

# Global Priorities from FIMCAR and Previous Work

## Assessment requirements

	Structural Interaction		Front End Force / Deformation (Consisting of)		Compartment integrity		Restraint system	
	Alignment	Load Spreading (Load paths / connections)	Deformation forces of frontal structures	Energy Absorption Management	Sufficient for single vehicle accident	Enhanced for light vehicles in vehicle to vehicle accident	(Assess over range of pulses)	Test Restraint Capacity
<b>Priorities For FIMCAR</b>	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1

Strong Evidence in FIMCAR and previous studies

Acceleration injuries need to be addressed, small car issues hard to identify in FIMCAR data

Current R94 / EuroNCAP gains must continue, small car issues need further analysis

Acceleration injuries need to be addressed, assess safety for a range of pulses

# How Frontal Impact and Compatibility Priorities are being addressed in FIMCAR

No.	Assessment requirements							
	Structural Interaction		Front End Force / Deformation (Consisting of)		Compartment integrity		Restraint system	
	Alignment	Load spreading (load paths / connections)	Deformation forces of frontal structures	Energy absorption management	Sufficient for single vehicle accident	Enhanced for light vehicles in vehicle to vehicle accident	(Assess over range of pulses)	Test restraint capacity
FWRB	High	High	Medium	High	High	High	High	High
FWDB	High	High	Medium	High	High	High	High	High
ODB	High	High	Medium	High	High	High	High	High
PDB	High	High	Medium	High	High	High	High	High
MDB (fixed mass/speed)	High	High	Medium	High	High	High	High	High
MDB (variable mass/speed)	High	High	Medium	High	High	High	High	High

FIMCAR has high priority on establishing structural interaction assessments using both a FW and Offset test – Choice of barrier types under investigation

# How Frontal Impact and Compatibility Priorities are being addressed in FIMCAR

No.	Assessment requirements							
	Structural Interaction		Front End Force / Deformation (Consisting of)		Compartment integrity		Restraint system	
	Alignment	Load spreading (load paths / connections)	Deformation forces of frontal structures	Energy absorption management	Sufficient for single vehicle accident	Enhanced for light vehicles in vehicle to vehicle	(Assess over range of pulses)	Test restraint capacity
<b>FWRB</b>								
<b>FWDB</b>								
<b>ODB</b>								
<b>PDB</b>								
<b>MDB (fixed mass/speed)</b>								
<b>MDB (variable mass/speed)</b>								

Vehicles must have minimum energy absorption requirements, likely resolved with FW and offset test.

Force level issues rated as priority 2 and are unlikely to be resolved.

# How Frontal Impact and Compatibility Priorities are being addressed in FIMCAR

No.	Assessment requirements							
	Structural Interaction		Front End Force / Deformation (Consisting of)		Compartment integrity		Restraint system	
	Alignment	Load spreading (load paths / connections)	Deformation forces of frontal structures	Energy absorption management	Sufficient for single vehicle accident	Enhanced for light vehicles in vehicle to vehicle accident	(Assess over range of pulses)	Test restraint capacity
FWRB	<p>FIMCAR will maintain an offset test with sufficient test severity as current levels.</p> <p>Special actions for small vehicles are still being investigated by accident studies</p>							
FWDB								
ODB								
PDB								
MDB (fixed mass/speed)								
MDB (variable mass/speed)								

# How Frontal Impact and Compatibility Priorities are being addressed in FIMCAR

No.	Assessment requirements						
	Structural Interaction		Front End Force / Deformation (Consisting of)		Compartment integrity		Restraint system
	Alignment	Load spreading (load paths / connections)	Deformation forces of frontal structures	Energy absorption management	Sufficient for single vehicle accident	Enhanced for light vehicles in vehicle to vehicle accident	(Assess over range of pulses) Test restraint capacity
FWRB			<p>Full Width test is proposed to assess restraint capacity and address acceleration injuries found in accident analysis</p> <p>Combination of tests is advised for sensor and restraint performance evaluation</p>				
FWDB							
ODB							
PDB							
MDB (fixed mass/speed)							
MDB (variable mass/speed)							



# Planned FIMCAR Results

1. Full Width test will be proposed
    - In order to create a high deceleration pulse
    - Use of deformable barrier to be determined
    - Metric for structural alignment to be proposed
    - Possible concept for frontal force level requirements
  2. Offset Barrier test will be proposed
    - In order to test compartment integrity
    - PDB is only barrier being investigated for load spreading evaluation
    - Existing ODB will be maintained if PDB cannot meet necessary performance requirements
-

# Planned FIMCAR Results

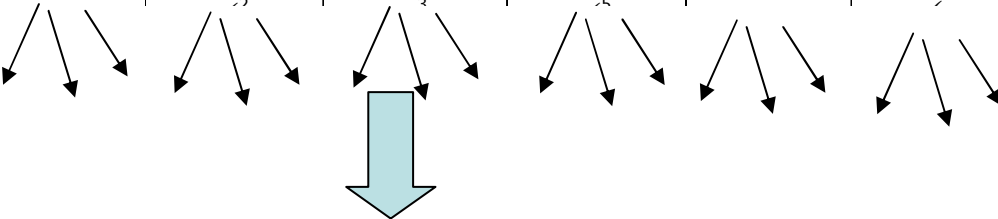
3. MDB will be developed with a PDB barrier face
    - structural evaluation criteria will be tied to PDB research
    - MPDB barrier can address mass ratio compatibility issues which are probably not fully addressed in the fixed barrier tests
    - MPDB envisaged as a replacement for an offset barrier test
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# FIMCAR Selection Process

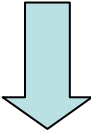
- Compatibility assessment is currently a subjective process
    - Vehicle performance is not easy to classify in "pass/fail" terms for all 8 characteristics presented above
  - FIMCAR final selection process to be established before candidate assessments are conducted
-

# FIMCAR Test Synthesis Process

Assessment requirements					
Structural Interaction		Frontal force matching	Compartment integrity		Restraint system
Alignment	Load Spreading (Load paths / connections)	Limit aggressiveness of heavy vehicles	Sufficient for single vehicle accident	Enhanced for light vehicles in vehicle to vehicle accident	(Assess over range of pulses)

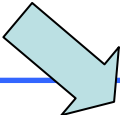


Test Data  
Accident Data  
Simulation Data




List of "test cases" to establish performance criteria

Possible Measurements	Vertical Position		Vertical Extent			
Show vertical force/deformation distribution of the car front	Geometry					
Candidate 1	330-580 mm	250 mm				
Candidate 2	350-600 mm	250 mm				
Candidate 3	406-508 mm	102 mm				



Library of car performance of "good" and "bad" behaviour



WP 6 Evaluation Procedure

# Key Criteria for Assessing Test Candidates

- What is the best barrier face?
  - Do the metrics proposed by FIMCAR address the compatibility issues?
  - What are appropriate pass/fail thresholds?
  - Do the assessment results reflect real world performance?
  - Is the test severity appropriate?
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<http://www.fimcar.eu/>

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